



A.B.N. 15 122 162 396

**AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
30 JUNE 2016**

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Bradley Sampson (Non-Executive Chairman)
Mark Savich (Chief Executive Officer & Director)
Alec Pismiris (Non-Executive Director)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Alec Pismiris

REGISTERED OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL BUSINESS OFFICE

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190 St Georges Terrace
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SHARE REGISTRY

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AUDITORS

KPMG
235 St Georges Terrace
Perth, Western Australia, 6000

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

ASX Limited (Australian Securities Exchange)
ASX Code: AMN

INTERNET

www.agrimin.com.au

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

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AGRIMIN LIMITED

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Directors' Report

The directors present their report together with the financial statements of the Group comprising Agrimin Limited ("Agrimin" or "the Company") and its wholly owned subsidiary ("the Group"), for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 ("Balance Date") and the auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for the entire period unless otherwise stated.

Name, qualifications and independence status	Experience, special responsibilities and other directorships
<p>Bradley Sampson B.E. (Mining) Hons, MBA, AMP, GAICD, MAusIMM Chairman <i>Appointed 22 April 2016</i></p> <p>Other current directorships: Former directorships (last 3 years):</p>	<p>Mr Sampson is an internationally experienced business leader, director and mining professional with 30 years' resources industry experience. In addition to significant project development and operating experience, he is an experienced director with listed and non-listed company and joint venture governance experience across multiple international jurisdictions. Brad has been the Managing Director of Discovery Metals Ltd and held senior management roles in resources and engineering companies including Newcrest Mining, Gold Fields Ltd, and Thiess. His experience covers the entire cycle of exploration, development, operations and closure, and includes equity and debt funding of resources projects, government relations and product marketing.</p> <p>None Discovery Metals Limited</p>
<p>Mark Savich CA, CFA, B. Comm., GAICD Grad Dip. Min Expl Geo Sc Chief Executive Officer (CEO) & Director <i>Appointed 1 December 2012, CEO from 1 March 2015</i> Other current directorships: Former directorships (last 3 years):</p>	<p>Mr Savich is a Chartered Financial Analyst with over 10 years of experience dealing with technical and corporate aspects of resource companies, from early stage exploration through to production. He is skilled in project identification, technical and economic evaluation and corporate development. Mr Savich holds a Bachelor of Commerce, a Graduate Diploma in Mineral Exploration Geoscience, and is a Chartered Financial Analyst, a Chartered Accountant and a graduate member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.</p> <p>None Regal Resources Limited</p>
<p>Alec Pismiris B.Comm, MAICD, IGIA Non-Executive Director <i>Appointed 3 October 2013</i></p> <p>Other current directorships: Former directorships (last 3 years):</p>	<p>Mr Pismiris is currently a Director – Corporate Finance with Somers and Partners Pty Ltd, a company which provides corporate finance services. Since 1990, Mr Pismiris has served as a director and company secretary for various ASX listed companies as well as a number of unlisted public and private companies. Mr Pismiris completed a Bachelor of Commerce degree at the University of Western Australia, is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and an associate of The Governance Institute of Australia. Mr Pismiris has over 30 years' experience in the securities, finance and mining industries and has participated numerous times in the processes by which boards have assessed the acquisition and financing of a diverse range of assets and has participated in and become familiar with the range of evaluation criteria used and the due diligence processes commonly adopted in the commercial assessment of corporate opportunities.</p> <p>Aguia Resources Limited, HotCopper Holdings Limited, Mount Magnet South Limited and Pelican Resources Limited Cardinal Resources Limited and Papillon Resources Limited</p>
<p>Stephen Everett B.E. (Chem Eng), MAICD Chairman <i>Appointed 6 April 2009 Resigned 22 April 2016</i> Other current directorships: Former directorships (last 3 years):</p>	<p>Mr Everett is a chemical engineer who has more than 40 years of management and board experience in the international resources industry, including production and project management, marketing, corporate restructuring, debt/equity financing and government relations. Mr Everett's senior executive positions have included managing director and chief executive officer of private and publicly listed companies.</p> <p>Metro Mining Limited Cape Alumina Limited, Australian Solomons Gold Limited and BeMaX Resources NL</p>

COMPANY SECRETARY

<p>Alec Pismiris B.Comm, MAICD, IGIA <i>Appointed 3 October 2013</i></p>	<p>Mr Pismiris has over 25 years' experience in the securities, finance and mining industries and has held a number of company secretary positions secretary for various ASX listed companies as well as a number of unlisted public and private companies over the years.</p>
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AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY AND RELATED BODIES CORPORATE

The relevant interest of each director in the shares or options over such instruments issued by the Company, as notified by the directors to the ASX in accordance with S205G(1) of the *Corporations Act 2001*, at the date of this report is as follows:

Director	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares Number	Share Options Number
B Sampson	600,000	1,000,000
M Savich	9,490,439	-
A Pismiris	3,800,000	-

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company has the following securities on issue as at the date of the Directors' Report.

Securities description	Number of Securities
Fully paid shares	121,138,575
Options exercisable at \$0.15 per share expiring 30 April 2018	1,000,000

Shares under option or issued on exercise of options

As at the date of this report, there were 1,000,000 unissued ordinary shares under options (30 June 2015: 12,951,459).

Option holders do not have any right, by virtue of the options, to participate in any share issue of the Company or any related body corporate.

Share options granted to Directors and key management personnel

Since the end of the financial year, 1,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.15 per share expiring 30 April 2018 were granted to Mr Sampson in accordance with the terms of his appointment as a Non-Executive Director and Chairman.

Shares issued as a result of the exercise of options

During the financial year there were 12,824,887 ordinary shares issued at a price of \$0.05 as a result of the exercise of listed options (2015: 3,245,601).

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

An audit committee was originally established in July 2007. However, due to the current composition of the Board of Directors and scale of activities of the Company, this committee was not utilised during the year ended 30 June 2016. All matters that would normally have been reviewed by this committee were reviewed by the full Board of Directors.

The number of directors' meetings and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the financial year are:

Director	Board Meetings	
	Held	Attended
S Everett	5	5
B Sampson	4	4
M Savich	9	9
A Pismiris	9	9

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Group during the year focused on the exploration and development of its 100% owned Mackay Sulphate of Potash ("SOP") Project located in Western Australia. The Group has continued to search for new opportunities in the resources sector which are complementary to its existing project portfolio and could demonstrate capacity to add long term shareholder value.

There have been no other significant changes in the nature of the Group's activities during the year.

AGRIMIN LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

MACKAY SOP PROJECT (100% INTEREST)

Project overview

The Mackay SOP Project comprises seven Exploration Licences and covers an area of 2,560km² across Lake Mackay. The Project is located in Western Australia just north of the Tropic of Capricorn and is approximately 540km northwest of Alice Springs, Northern Territory. The Project is accessed from Alice Springs by road. Major airline access is via daily commuter flights to the Alice Springs International Airport. The Adelaide to Darwin transcontinental railway also connects Alice Springs to the north and south coasts of Australia. Agrimin shares a strong working relationship with the local community and Traditional Owners.

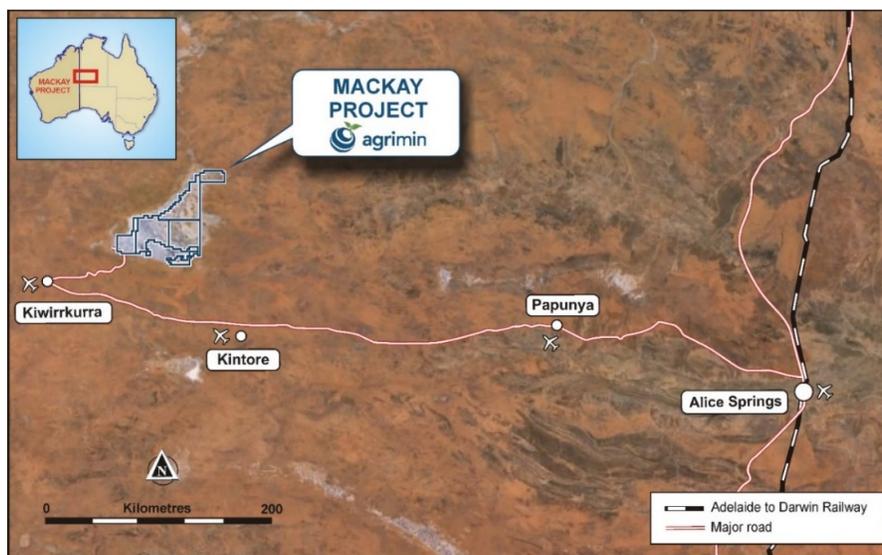


Figure 1: Map of the Mackay Project

Lake Mackay is the largest known SOP-bearing salt lake in Australia and is the low point of an enormous groundwater and surface water catchment area that is approximately 87,000km². The lakebed itself covers an area of approximately 3,500km² and measures approximately 100km east-west and north-south. The lakebed surface is comparable to the lakebed areas at two major sources of SOP production, being the 4,400km² Great Salt Lake in the USA and the 5,500km² Lop Nur (Luobupo operation) in China.

The Mackay SOP Project currently has Indicated Mineral Resources of 4.3 million tonnes and Inferred Mineral Resources of 18.9 million tonnes of SOP based on specific yield. These Mineral Resources have been defined to an average depth of 24.7m.

Activities undertaken during the year

The Company has made substantial progress this year towards the development of the Mackay SOP Project and delivered positive outcomes from the exploration and development activities carried out since acquiring the Mackay SOP Project in 2014. During the financial year the Company undertook following key activities:

- completed an extensive field program during August and September 2015;
- reported updated Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resources in December 2015;
- completed an initial evaporation trial between January and April 2016;
- completed hydrogeological modelling in April 2016;
- completed a geotechnical testwork study in May 2016;
- applied for an Exploration Licence adjacent to the south of the Project in May 2016;
- completed a process water evaluation in June 2016; and
- applied for a Miscellaneous Licence to search for groundwater in June 2016.

Subsequent to end of the financial year, the Company completed and released the results of its Scoping Study for the Mackay SOP Project. The outcomes of the study were positive and the Board has approved the progression to a Pre-Feasibility Study. Also subsequent to end of the financial year, the Company commenced an infill drilling program aimed at upgrading the current Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resources. This current field program is designed to provide key datasets for project permitting and the Pre-Feasibility Study.

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Safety

Agrimin is firmly committed to ensuring all work activities are carried out safely with all practical measures taken to remove risks to the health, safety and welfare of workers, contractors, authorised visitors, and anyone else who may be affected by the Company's activities.

Although the Company has increased activities at the Mackay SOP Project over the last year, it is pleased to report that no injuries have been reported. This safety performance, along with a strong safety culture, bodes well for the Company as continues to increase its activity levels.

Environment

Agrimin is committed to minimising the impact of its activities on the environment. Since exploration activities commenced in August 2015, no reportable environment incident has occurred and it is the Company's focus to maintain this performance as the Mackay SOP Project advances. Agrimin has commenced baseline environmental surveys in order to obtain data across the Project area and immediate surroundings. Several environmental studies will be required to support the environmental impact assessment and to facilitate the approvals process.

Community

The Mackay SOP Project is located within the Kiwirrkurra native title determination area and Agrimin's exploration activities are governed under a Land Access Agreement which was executed in 2015. Agrimin values its relationship with the Kiwirrkurra people and is committed to maintaining an enduring partnership to ensure the Mackay SOP Project can bring a range of benefits to the local community.

Agrimin's discussions with local members of the Kiwirrkurra community indicate strong support for a SOP operation at the Mackay SOP Project and there is a high degree of interest in the job opportunities the operation would create. If the Project proceeds forward it has the potential to be one of the largest employers in the area and to provide substantial long-term benefits.

Funding

Subsequent to the end of the financial year, the Company completed a Scoping Study for the Mackay SOP Project. It is not currently funded for the estimated development capital cost. A key dimension of the Company's strategy is the staged development and funding of the Mackay SOP Project. Successful delivery of key development milestones, such as Pre-Feasibility and Definitive Feasibility Studies with appropriate economic metrics, are expected to support ongoing convergence of the Company's market capitalisation with its future funding requirements.

The Mackay SOP Project's positive technical and economic fundamentals as delivered in the Scoping Study, together with favourable SOP market fundamentals, provide a platform for Agrimin to advance discussions with potential strategic partners and traditional financiers.

Sulphate of Potash (SOP)

The Company has targeted SOP assets given the commodity's strong fundamental demand drivers. SOP is a premium form of potash fertilizer which contains two of the six macro-nutrients that are essential to plant growth, being Potassium and Sulphur. As the world's population expands and the middle class in China continues to emerge, it is anticipated that increasing consumption of specialty crops will drive demand growth for SOP.

Estimated global potash consumption in 2015 was 67 million tonnes, predominantly comprising of 60 million tonnes of muriate of potash (MOP) and 5 million tonnes of SOP. MOP contains 46% Chloride. The major potash deposits around the world – such as those in Canada, Russia and Belarus – produce MOP. This product is most appropriate for the commercial cultivation of the carbohydrate crops including wheat, oats, barley and palm oil.

SOP contains 18% Sulphur and has almost no Chloride. It is a premium value product which is used principally for specialty crops such as fruits, vegetables and tree nuts. SOP is superior to MOP because of its low level Chloride, which has a toxic impact on many food plants, especially leafy plants. SOP improves the yield, taste, colour and shelf life of crops. SOP is also most suitable for agricultural areas affected by high salinity soils.

SOP can be produced from primary and secondary sources, with approximately 60% of global production controlled by the top five producers. Primary production comes from five salt lake (brine) deposits – located in China, India, USA and Chile. The balance of the world's supply is made up of more costly and inefficient secondary production, including underground mines in Germany and those produced through the Mannheim Process, a process that involves the addition of sulphuric acid to MOP in a Mannheim furnace to produce SOP and a hydrochloric acid by-product.

Agrimin is aiming to take advantage of strong market fundamentals which are supportive of new SOP production. In particular, the last decade has seen a clear trend towards environmentally friendly SOP production from salt lake deposits. Given that existing salt lake producers are unable to meet current SOP demand, Agrimin expects that Western Australia will emerge as an important SOP producing region. In contrast to other major undeveloped SOP regions, Australia benefits from low geopolitical risk and is strategically located for supplying the growing markets of Asia.

EPM 18616 (6% interest and 1% Net Smelter Royalty)

During 2016, the Company agreed to transfer its remaining 6% interest in EPM 18616 to (located in Queensland) Crater Gold Mining Limited ("Crater") for no consideration. This transfer process is underway. The Company will retain its 1% net smelter royalty.

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Operating results for the year

The Group's consolidated operating loss after income tax was \$967,500 (2015: \$1,186,700). This result was in line with expectations and reflected the operating costs incurred over the financial year and comprised largely of costs associated with the general administration of the Company and compliance expenses incurred during the year. There was an expense of \$397,762 (non-cash) (2015: \$5,331) recognised during the financial year, pursuant to the grant and exercise of Performance Rights under the Company's Performance Rights Plan and the issue of options to a director subsequent to the end of the financial year.

Review of financial condition

During the financial year the Group utilised funds to achieve the following significant milestones:

- completion of an initial drilling program which included a total of 27 aircore holes, 39 auger holes and three direct push drill holes;
- excavation of a trench approximately 110m long and 2.5m deep near the western edge of Lake Mackay;
- excavation of a trench approximately 23m long and 0.5m deep within the south east area of Lake Mackay;
- completion of constant rate pump tests on cased wells and trenches with promising flow rates identified;
- collection of a 5,000 litre bulk brine sample and a and process simulation in preparation of an evaporation trial;
- collection of 100kg of geotechnical samples which underwent laboratory testwork to establish evaporation pond and trench design parameters;
- completion of hydrogeological modelling which indicated the ability to extract large-scale volumes of brine;
- completion of brine analysis and physical properties testwork;
- release of updated Mineral Resources estimate which were estimated on the basis of total porosity and specific yield on the free draining portion of the deposit;
- collection of data gathered by the weather station installed at Lake Mackay providing information for processing and environmental purposes;
- completion of a 92 day evaporation trial utilising the brine sample collected from the Mackay SOP Project which produced SOP bearing salts;
- completion of geotechnical testwork study which indicated the natural lakebed surface in the south-western area of Lake Mackay exhibited favourable geotechnical conditions for the application of un-lined solar evaporation ponds and in-situ lakebed materials were suitable to construct the evaporation pond walls as cut-to-fill structures;
- completion of preliminary process design work incorporating results from the evaporation trial for the production of SOP based on the extraction of 68 million m³ of brine annually from a trenching network on the lakebed surface
- application for an additional Exploration Licence (E80/4995) covering an area of lakebed sediments and an area identified as a suitable location for the process plant and the associated site infrastructure;
- an independent hydrogeological study identified a large target area within 15km of the proposed plant site with potential to host significant groundwater resources suitable to meet process water needs for the Mackay SOP Project;
- application for a Miscellaneous Licence (L80/87) covering an area considered prospective for groundwater resources; and
- funds for the management of the Group.

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Liquidity and capital resources

The consolidated cash flow statement illustrates that there was an increase in cash and cash equivalents in the year ended 30 June 2016 of \$2,097,025 (2015: decrease of \$136,520). Operating activities generated \$574,822 (2015: \$542,949) of net cash out-flows. During the financial year the net cash out-flow from investing activities of \$346,451 (2015: \$434,707) was mainly attributable to payments relating to exploration and evaluation of the Mackay SOP Project. There was a \$3,018,298 net cash in-flow (2015: \$1,114,176) from financing activities during the year.

The significant cash flow items for the Group during the financial year consisted of:

- funds received from the exercise of listed options with an exercise price of \$0.05;
- funds received from the placement of ordinary shares offered to institutional and sophisticated investors;
- funds received from tax incentive rebate relating to research and development activities at Mackay SOP Project;
- payments relating to the exploration and evaluation of the Mackay SOP Project; and
- payments to employees, contractors and suppliers.

At Balance Date the Group had \$3,153,707 in cash and term deposits to support its operations at the Mackay SOP Project.

The Group will continue to monitor the cash required to meet future obligations, and the availability of additional equity at the appropriate time. The ongoing operation of the Group is dependent upon raising additional capital from shareholders or other parties from time to time. There is no assurance however that, in the current economic environment, the Group will be able to raise additional funds on reasonable terms.

Risk management

The Board takes a pro-active approach to management and mitigation of risk and is responsible for ensuring that risks and also opportunities are identified on a timely basis and the Group's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the Board.

The Company believes that it is crucial for all Board members to be a part of this process and as such has not established a separate risk management committee. Risk management is a regular agenda item at meetings of the Board. The following risks are considered on a regular basis by the Board:

- legal and regulatory compliance;
- financial;
- human resources;
- occupational health;
- operational risks; and
- management of environmental issues.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

During the year, the Company undertook the following capital raisings and share issues:

- 12,824,887 fully paid ordinary shares were issued on the exercise of listed options with an exercise price of \$0.05.
- 500,000 fully paid ordinary shares were issued on the exercise of Performance Rights by the General Manager – Exploration & Development on achievement of a vesting condition related to the delineation of Inferred Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m³ of brine on the Company's Mackay SOP Project; and
- 16,803,333 fully paid ordinary shares were issued to institutional and sophisticated investors at an issue price of \$0.15 per share to raise \$2,520,000 (before costs). The issue of shares under the placement was made pursuant to the Company's new issues capacity under Listing Rules 7.1 and 7.1A.

Agrimin's focus continued to be on the exploration and development of its 100% owned Mackay SOP Project in Western Australia. The Company made significant progress during the period, including completion of initial drilling and exploration activities in August 2015 and culminating in the completion of a Scoping Study in August 2016.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid, declared or recommended for payment during or since the end of the financial year (2015: nil).

AGRIMIN LIMITED

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Directors' Report

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

At a general meeting held on 26 July 2016 the Company obtained shareholder approval for the following matters:

- ratification for the issue of 15,470,286 shares pursuant to a share placement completed on 9 June 2016 under the Company's Listing Rule 7.1 new issues capacity;
- ratification for the issue of 1,333,047 shares pursuant to a share placement completed on 9 June 2016 under the Company's Listing Rule 7.1A new issues capacity;
- the participation of directors of the Company in the share placement announced on 2 June 2016; and
- the grant of 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at \$0.15 and expiring 30 April 2018 to Mr Sampson, subsequently issued on 1 August 2016.

Subsequent to shareholder approval (above), the Company issued 1,200,000 fully paid ordinary shares to directors of the Company at an issue price of \$0.15 per share to raise \$180,000 (before costs).

On 16 August 2016 the Company announced the commencement of an infill core drilling program at the Mackay SOP Project and other field work designed to provide key datasets for project permitting and development studies.

On 23 August 2016 the Company announced the Scoping Study compiled by Lycopodium Minerals Pty Ltd for the Mackay SOP Project had delivered positive outcomes and the Board of Agrimin had approved progression to a Pre-Feasibility Study.

On 30 August 2016 following the release of the Scoping Study, 2,750,000 shares were issued on the exercise of Performance Rights by directors and an employee on achievement of a vesting condition related to the Company completing a Scoping Study and delineation of in situ Inferred Mineral Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m3 of brine on the Company's Mackay SOP Project.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The Group will continue to focus on maximising value from the development of its 100% owned Mackay SOP Project located in Western Australia by progressing with a Pre-Feasibility Study. The Group will also continue its search for further opportunities. Given that the nature of the Group's activities is exploration focused, no further information can be provided as to likely developments as such developments will depend on exploration success at the Group's various project interests, and the nature of any new acquisitions going forward.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Indemnification

The Company has agreed to indemnify the directors of the Company, against all liabilities to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors of the Company, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The agreement stipulates that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities, including costs and expenses.

Insurance premiums

The Company has arranged directors' and officers' liability insurance, for past, present or future directors, secretaries, and executive officers. The insurance cover relates to:

- costs and expenses incurred by the relevant officers in defending proceedings, whether civil or criminal and whatever their outcome; and
- other liabilities that may arise from their position, with the exception of conduct involving a wilful breach of duty or improper use of information or position to gain a personal advantage.

The insurance policies outlined above do not contain details of the premiums paid in respect of individual directors or officers of the Company.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group is subject to significant environmental regulation to its exploration activities and aims to ensure that the highest standard of environmental care is achieved, and it complies with all relevant environmental legislation. There have been no breaches during the period covered by this report.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONTINUED)

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

During the year ended 30 June 2016, KPMG, the Group's auditor, has performed certain other services in addition to their statutory duties. The Board has considered the non-audit service provided, which was the preparation of income tax returns, and is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services by the auditor is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- the non-audit services were reviewed by the Board to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Group, acting as an advocate for the Group or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditor of the Group, KPMG for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

TENEMENT SCHEDULE

Tenements held as at the date of the Directors' Report are listed in the table below.

Tenement Reference	Project	Holder	State	Blocks	Status	Interest
E 80/4887	Mackay	Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd	Western Australia	195	Granted	100%
E 80/4888	Mackay	Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd	Western Australia	200	Granted	100%
E 80/4889	Mackay	Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd	Western Australia	88	Granted	100%
E 80/4890	Mackay	Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd	Western Australia	200	Granted	100%
E 80/4893	Mackay	Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd	Western Australia	36	Granted	100%
E 80/4995	Mackay	Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd	Western Australia	26	Application	100%
EL30651	Mackay	Agrimin Limited	Northern Territory	36	Application	100%
EPM 18616	Croyden	Agrimin Limited	Queensland	30	Granted	1% ¹
L80/87	Mackay	Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd	Western Australia		Application	100%

Notes:

1. 1% net smelter royalty on any and all minerals produced from the tenement.

COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT

The information in this ASX Release that relates to exploration results, Mineral Resources Estimates and Scoping Study results are extracted from the relevant ASX Releases and are available on www.asx.com.au and Company's website on www.agrimin.com.au. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the previous ASX Releases and, in the case of the Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the ASX Release on 15 December 2015 continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the previous ASX Releases



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To: the directors of Agrimin Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

KPMG

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Matthew Beevers', with a horizontal line extending to the right.

Matthew Beevers
Partner

Perth

30 September 2016

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED

PRINCIPLES OF REMUNERATION

Key management personnel have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. Key management personnel comprise the directors of the Company and the General Manager - Exploration & Development for the Group. The following principles of remuneration had been agreed to by the Board and formed the basis of the principles of remuneration during the relevant periods of employment and will remain relevant to future employment arrangements.

Remuneration levels for key management personnel of the Group are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives and as relevant to the circumstances of the Company from time to time. The remuneration structures explained below are designed to attract suitably qualified candidates, reward the achievement of strategic objectives, and achieve the broader outcome of creation of value for shareholders. The remuneration structures take into account the capability and experience of the key management personnel and the Group's performance including:

- the successful implementation of exploration programmes designed to confirm and establish resources for development into operations;
- the Group's earnings, when and if appropriate;
- the growth in share price and delivering enhancement of shareholder value; and
- the amount of incentives within each key management person's remuneration.

Remuneration packages include a mix of fixed and variable remuneration and short and long-term performance-based incentives.

Fixed remuneration

Fixed remuneration consists of base remuneration (which is calculated on a total cost basis and includes any fringe benefits tax charges related to employee benefits) as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds, as required by law. Remuneration levels are reviewed annually by the Board through a process that considers individual performance and overall performance of the Group.

Performance linked remuneration

Performance linked remuneration includes short-term and long-term incentives and is designed both to reward key management personnel for meeting or exceeding their financial and personal objectives and to keep the Group competitive in the marketplace. The STI is an at-risk bonus provided in the form of cash and based on agreed key performance indicators ('KPIs') for each position. In the previous financial year LTI has been provided as performance rights to ordinary shares of the Company under the rules of the Performance Rights Plan 2014 ('PRP'). The PRP provides for the issuance of performance rights which, upon determination by the Board that the performance conditions attached to the performance rights have been met, will result in the issue of one ordinary share in the Company for each performance right.

If a performance condition of a performance right is not achieved by the expiry date then the performance right will lapse. A performance right will also lapse if the Board determines the participant ceases to be an eligible employee for the purposes of the PRP for any reason (other than as a result of retirement, disability, bona fide redundancy or death).

Short-term incentive bonus

Each year the Board of Directors sets the KPIs for the Chief Executive Officer and other key management personnel. The KPIs will generally include measures relating to the Group, and to the individual, and include financial, people, strategy, and risk measures. The measures are chosen as they directly align the individual's reward to the KPIs of the Group and to its strategy and performance. The full Board reviews and confirms the cash incentive to be paid to each individual. This method of assessment was chosen as it provides the Board with an objective assessment of the individual's performance.

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

PRINCIPLES OF REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

Chief Executive Officer STI Plan

During the year the Board determined that the STI opportunity would be payable up to 40% of the Chief Executive Officer's individual total fixed remuneration for the twelve month period from 1 March 2015 based on the achievement of the following STI performance measures:

- Satisfactory Board reporting: 15% of STI opportunity;
- Meeting occupational health and safety requirements: 15% of STI opportunity;
- Completion of required capital raisings: 25% of STI opportunity;
- Compliance with approved budgets: 20% of STI opportunity; and
- Share price performance (increase of 25%): 25% of STI opportunity.

Long-term incentive

Performance rights are issued under the PRP (made in accordance with thresholds set in plans that have been initially approved by the Board) and it provides for key management personnel to receive varying numbers of performance rights for no consideration. The actual number of performance rights issued depends on the seniority and responsibility of the executive concerned. The performance conditions and vesting periods of the performance rights are set so as to provide a realistic incentive to each executive and to reflect the executive's contribution to the Group and enhancement of value for all shareholders.

For the year ended 30 June 2016 there were no performance rights issued. The Board determined the Performance Rights issued under the PRP in the previous financial year were adequate LTI given the status of the Mackay SOP Project.

During the financial year 500,000 shares were issued on the exercise of previously issued Performance Rights by the General Manager – Exploration & Development on achievement of a vesting condition related to the delineation an Inferred Mineral Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m³ of brine on the Company's Mackay SOP Project.

At the Annual General Meeting held 30 November 2015 the Company obtained shareholder approval to change the performance conditions on the existing performance rights such that they were linked to the Mackay SOP Project rather than the Great Sandy Desert Project.

At Balance Date the Company had issued Performance Rights to the following directors and key management personnel:

Director	Number issued
M Savich	1,500,000
A Pismiris	750,000
Other key management personnel	
T Lyons	500,000

The performance condition and expiry date of the performance rights issued are as follows:

Performance condition	Expiry date
Each Performance Right will convert into one fully paid ordinary share upon the Company completing a Scoping Study and delineation of in-situ Inferred Mineral Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m ³ of brine on the Company's Mackay SOP Project.	30 June 2017

Subsequent to the Balance Date and following the completion of the Scoping Study on the Mackay SOP Project, 2,750,000 shares were issued on the exercise of Performance Rights by two directors and the General Manager – Exploration & Development on achievement of a vesting condition related to the Company completing a Scoping Study and delineation of in-situ Inferred Mineral Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m³ of brine on the Company's Mackay SOP Project.

The Board considers that the incentive to the directors represented by the grant of these performance rights, are a cost effective and efficient reward for the Company to make to appropriately incentivise the continued performance of the directors and are consistent with the strategic goals and targets of the Company.

In addition to the performance rights provided to executives, the Company has in previous periods issued options to certain directors. These entitlements have not been granted as part of a broad scheme to remunerate the Board but rather as a specific and largely pre-agreed recognition of the contribution of these directors to the establishment of the Company and its portfolio of projects, and its listing on the Australian Securities Exchange ('ASX') in October 2007.

The Company does not have any securities on issue from the previous Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP") which has been suspended replaced with the implementation of the PRP.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

PRINCIPLES OF REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth

The Board considers that the most effective way to increase shareholder wealth is through the successful exploration and development of the Group's exploration tenements. The Board considers that the Group's LTI schemes incentivise key management personnel to successfully explore the Group's tenements by providing rewards that are directly correlated to delivering value to shareholders through share price appreciation.

The factors that are considered relevant to affect total shareholder returns as required to be disclosed by the Corporations Act are summarised in the following table. The table excludes return on capital employed as a relevant measure given the exploration basis of activity and operations of the Company.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net loss after tax (\$'000's)	(967)	(505)	(369)	(1,507)	(4,903)
Dividends paid	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Share price at year end (\$'s)	\$0.410	\$0.200	\$0.140	\$0.026 ⁽¹⁾	\$0.081 ⁽¹⁾

Source of share prices quoted: Commsec & S&P Capital IQ

- (1) On 6 June 2013, the Company completed a 1 for 20 consolidation of ordinary share capital. The share prices shown have been adjusted to reflect the effect of the 1 for 20 consolidation of ordinary share capital by restating previous share prices to recognise this consolidation and therefore do not represent actual share prices in those earlier years.

The Company also notes that - as a junior exploration company - operating revenue and profits are not KPI's in reviewing key management personnel STI's or LTI's. When establishing guidelines for any STI's, the Company looks to other measures such as raising market awareness, enhancement of share price and capital raising opportunities (as relevant), operational and achievement of goals and objectives in terms of establishment and milestones in attracting new, and enhancing the Group's existing project.

Service contracts

The Company has entered into an employment agreement with Chief Executive Officer, Mr Mark Savich. The material terms of the agreement are set out as follows:

- Commencement date: 1 March 2015
- Term: Ongoing and reviewed annually at the sole discretion of the Board
- Fixed remuneration: \$164,250 per annum inclusive of superannuation
- Annual bonus of to 40% of remuneration based upon KPIs set by the Board and reviewed annually
- Termination for cause: no notice period
- Termination without cause: three month notice period

The Company has entered into an employment agreement with General Manager – Exploration & Development, Mr Thomas Lyons. The material terms of the agreement are set out as follows:

- Commencement date: 24 March 2014
- Term: Ongoing and reviewed annually at the sole discretion of the Board
- Fixed remuneration: \$140,000 per annum inclusive of superannuation
- Termination for cause: no notice period
- Termination without cause: three month notice period

There are no other service contracts with any director and there are no other executives in the Company currently.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016
Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' REMUNERATION

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of remuneration of each director and key management person of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2016 are as follows.

	Short-term				Post-employment	Other long term	Termination benefits	Share-based payments	Total	
	Salary & fees \$	STI Cash Bonus \$	Consulting Fees ⁽²⁾ \$	Non-monetary benefits \$	Total \$	Superannuation benefits \$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors										
S Everett ⁽¹⁾	35,000	-	-	-	35,000	-	-	-	-	35,000
B Sampson ⁽²⁾	15,333	-	-	-	15,333	1,457	-	-	208,093	224,883
M Savich ⁽³⁾	150,000	47,100	-	-	197,100	18,725	11,538	-	90,000	317,363
A Pismiris ⁽⁴⁾	34,000	-	36,000	-	70,000	-	-	-	45,000	115,000
Total	234,333	47,100	36,000	-	317,433	20,182	11,538	-	343,093	692,246
Other key management personnel										
T Lyons	114,395	-	-	-	114,395	11,279	9,597	-	54,669	189,940
Total	114,395	-	-	-	114,395	11,279	9,597	-	54,669	189,940

(1) Mr Everett resigned on 22 April 2016 and his performance rights were forfeited.

(2) Mr Sampson was appointed on 22 April 2016.

(3) Mr Savich was entitled to receive a short term incentive during the year.

(4) Mr Pismiris acted as company secretary during the year. Consulting fees represent the amounts paid to Mr Pismiris for the performance of these services.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016
Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of remuneration of each director and key management person of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2015 are as follows:

	Short-term				Post-employment	Other long term	Termination benefits	Share-based payments	Total
	Salary & fees \$	STI Cash Bonus \$	Consulting Fees ⁽¹⁾ \$	Non-monetary benefits \$	Total \$	Superannuation benefits \$	\$	\$	\$
Directors									
S Everett	35,000	-	-	-	35,000	-	-	-	35,000
M Savich	101,846	-	-	-	101,846	4,750	-	-	106,596
A Pismiris ⁽¹⁾	28,000	-	36,000	-	64,000	-	-	-	64,000
Total	164,846	-	36,000	-	200,846	4,750	-	-	205,596
Other key management personnel									
T Lyons ⁽²⁾	116,090	15,000	-	-	131,090	11,860	-	-	148,281
Total	116,090	15,000	-	-	131,090	11,860	-	-	148,281

(1) Mr Pismiris acted as company secretary during the year. Consulting fees represent the amounts paid to Mr Pismiris for the performance of these services.

(2) Mr Lyons was paid a discretionary cash bonus in recognition of his performance during the financial year.

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

Non-Executive Directors

Total fees for all Non-Executive Directors was set by the Board on 22 June 2007 to not exceed \$147,000. The levels of fees set were based on a review involving reference to fees paid to other Non-Executive Directors of comparable companies at the time. There has been no change to these levels since 2007. Directors' fees are paid monthly in arrears. Members of the Board of Directors are entitled to performance related remuneration, subject to obtaining the appropriate shareholder approvals. The chairperson base fee is \$80,000 per annum exclusive of superannuation and base fees for the Non-Executive Director is \$36,000 per annum. Directors' fees cover all main board activities. Additional services provided outside of board duties attract a separate daily rate agreed by the full Board. There is no board retirement scheme and there is currently no intention to establish such a scheme.

Details of performance related remuneration

The Group's policy in relation to the proportion of remuneration that is performance related is discussed under the section titled 'Performance linked remuneration'.

Analysis of bonuses included in remuneration

Mr Savich was awarded an annual cash bonus of \$47,100 relating to the year end 30 June 2016. The bonus was awarded as a result of Mr Savich's performance, measured against KPI measures set by the Board which included:

- Board reporting;
- Meeting occupational health and safety requirements;
- Completion of required capital raisings;
- Compliance with approved budgets; and
- Share price performance.

The payment of this cash bonus amounted to 78.5% of the total available with the remaining 21.5% forfeited.

Equity instruments

All options refer to options over ordinary shares of Agrimin Limited, which are exercisable on a one-for-one basis. The ESOP established in 2007 was suspended with the implementation of the Performance Rights Plan 2014.

Performance rights granted as remuneration

Performance rights are granted under a service condition whereby the grantee must be employed by the Group at the time the performance rights vest. If the performance rights are unvested at termination of the grantee's engagement by the Group, the performance rights expire on termination of the grantee's engagement. Upon performance rights vesting, the recipient is required to provide the Company with a Notice of Exercise. The Company within 10 business days must issue to the recipient the number of Shares in respect of which the performance rights has been exercised. Otherwise, performance rights expire on their expiry date. Performance rights issued under the Company's Performance Rights Plan have been provided at no cost to the recipient.

During the financial year there were no performance rights over ordinary shares in the Company granted as remuneration to key management personnel.

Options granted as remuneration

On 22 April 2016 the Company agreed to issue 1,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.15 per share to Mr Sampson in accordance with the terms of his appointment as Non-Executive Directors and Chairman. The options were subject to shareholder approval which was subsequently obtained on 26 July 2016 and the options were issued on 1 August 2016. The options expire on 30 April 2018 and do not have any performance conditions. The fair value of the equity settled share options is estimated as at the Balance Date using the Black and Scholes model to be \$0.286 per option.

As the issue of options had not been approved at 30 June 2016, the valuation has been estimated at Balance Date. On 26 July 2016 the options were approved and the valuation increased to \$0.351 due to an increase in the share price to \$0.48. As this is a change in the estimate, the increased value will be expensed prospectively in the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

Modification of terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions

During the financial year the Company received shareholder approval to amend the Performance Condition linked to the Sandy Desert Project following the Company's decision to relinquish the Great Sandy Desert Project tenements in order to concentrate on the more advanced Mackay SOP Project preserve funds. The Performance Condition was changed so that it was linked to the Mackay SOP Project and therefore correctly aligned with the objectives of the Company.

No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions have been altered or modified by the issuing entity in the prior period.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016
Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

Exercise of performance rights granted as remuneration

During the financial year, the General Manager – Exploration & Development was issued 500,000 shares on the exercise of Performance Rights on achievement of the vesting condition related to the delineation of Inferred Mineral Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m³ of brine on the Company's Mackay SOP Project.

Subsequent to Balance Date a further 2,750,000 shares were issued to directors and the General Manager – Exploration & Development on the exercise of Performance Rights on achievement of the vesting condition related to completion of a Scoping Study and delineating in-situ Inferred Mineral Resources, which is determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of SOP at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.5kg/m³ of brine on the Mackay SOP Project.

Exercise of options granted as remuneration

No shares were issued on the exercise of options granted as remuneration during the financial year, or since the end of the financial year.

Analysis of rights over equity instruments granted as remuneration

Details of vesting profiles of the performance rights granted as remuneration to each key management person of the Group are detailed below.

	Number of rights granted	Grant date	% forfeited / cancelled in year	Financial years in which grant vests	Expiry date
Directors					
S Everett	750,000 ^{(1) (3) (4)}	7 August 2014	750,000	-	-
M Savich	1,500,000 ^{(1) (3)}	7 August 2014	-	30 June 2017	30 June 2017
A Pismiris	750,000 ^{(1) (3)}	7 August 2014	-	30 June 2017	30 June 2017
Key management personnel					
T Lyons	1,000,000 ^{(1) (2) (3)}	7 August 2014	-	30 June 2017	30 June 2017

Notes:

(1) includes performance conditions relating to delineation of Inferred Mineral Resources on Mackay SOP Project and completion of a Scoping Study for the Mackay SOP Project.

(2) includes performance conditions relating to delineation of Inferred Mineral Resources on Mackay SOP Project.

(3) the fair value of the above performance rights at their original grant date was \$0.06 each for the Mackay SOP Project.

(4) Mr Everett resigned on 22 April 2016 and his performance rights were forfeited.

Analysis of options over equity instruments granted as remuneration

There were no options granted as remuneration on issue at 30 June 2016.

Options granted to Mr Sampson, forming part of his remuneration, were issued on 1 August 2016 and subsequent to shareholder approval.

Performance rights over equity instruments

Details of performance rights held by key management personnel of the Group during the financial year are as follows:

2016	Held at 1 July 2015	Granted as compensation during 2016	Forfeited/ Expired	Vested and exercised during 2016	Held at 30 June 2016	Vested at 30 June 2016
Directors						
S Everett ⁽¹⁾	750,000	-	750,000	-	-	-
B Sampson ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-
M Savich	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000	-
A Pismiris	750,000	-	-	-	750,000	-
Key management personnel						
T Lyons	1,000,000	-	-	500,000	500,000	-
	4,000,000	-	750,000	500,000	2,750,000	-

Notes:

(1) Mr Everett resigned on 22 April 2016 and forfeited the performance rights.

(2) Mr Sampson was appointed on 22 April 2016.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016
Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

Incentive options over equity instruments (continued)

Details of performance rights held by key management personnel of the Group during the prior financial year are as follows:

2015	Held at 1 July 2014	Granted as compensation during 2015	Forfeited/ Expired	Held at 30 June 2015	Vested during the year	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2015
Directors						
S Everett	-	750,000	-	750,000	-	-
M Savich ⁽¹⁾	-	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	-	-
A Pismiris	-	750,000	-	750,000	-	-
Key management personnel						
T Lyons	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-	-
	-	4,000,000	-	4,000,000	-	-

Notes:

(1) Mr Savich was appointed Chief Executive Officer effective from 1 March 2015

Equity Instruments held by key management personnel

Option holdings of key management personnel

Options held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by key management personnel, including their related parties, not issued under the ESOP are as follows:

2016	Held at 1 July 2015	Purchases / other acquisitions	Exercise / other disposals	Total held at 30 June 2016	Exercisable
Directors					
S Everett ⁽¹⁾	483,477	-	(483,477)	-	-
S Sampson ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-
M Savich	1,140,305	-	(1,140,305)	-	-
A Pismiris	750,000	-	(750,000)	-	-
Key management personnel					
T Lyons	46,209	-	(46,209)	-	-
	2,419,991	-	(2,419,991)	-	-

Notes:

(1) Mr Everett resigned on 22 April 2016.

(2) Mr Sampson was appointed on 22 April 2016.

2015	Held at 1 July 2014	Purchases / other acquisitions	Exercise / other disposals	Total held at 30 June 2015	Exercisable
Directors					
S Everett	483,477	-	-	483,477	483,477
M Savich ⁽¹⁾	881,302	259,003	-	1,140,305	1,140,305
A Pismiris	750,000	250,000	(250,000)	750,000	750,000
Key management personnel					
T Lyons	46,209	-	-	46,209	46,209
	2,160,988	509,003	(250,000)	2,419,991	2,419,991

Notes:

(1) Mr Savich was appointed Chief Executive Officer effective from 1 March 2015.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016
Directors' Report

REMUNERATION REPORT – AUDITED (CONTINUED)

Shareholdings of key management personnel

Shares held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by key management personnel, including their related parties:

2016	Held at 1 July 2015	Purchases / other acquisitions	Sales / other disposals	Net Change Other	Held at 30 June 2016
Directors					
S Everett ⁽¹⁾	1,875,493	483,477	(2,358,970)	-	-
B Sampson ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-
M Savich	6,550,134	1,140,305	-	-	7,690,439
A Pismiris	2,000,000	750,000	-	-	2,750,000
Key management personnel					
T Lyons	884,836	546,209	-	-	1,431,045
	11,310,463	2,919,991	(2,358,970)	-	11,871,484

Notes:

(1) Mr Everett resigned on 22 April 2016. Other disposals of shares represents shares held at the date of resignation.

(2) Mr Sampson was appointed on 22 April 2016.

2015	Held at 1 July 2014	Purchases / other acquisitions	Sales / other disposals	Net Change Other ⁽⁴⁾	Held at 30 June 2015
Directors					
S Everett	1,375,493	500,000	-	-	1,875,493
M Savich	2,966,798	3,583,336	-	-	6,550,134
A Pismiris	750,000	1,250,000	-	-	2,000,000
Key management personnel					
T Lyons	884,836	-	-	-	884,836
	5,977,127	5,333,336	-	-	11,310,463

This report is made with a resolution of the directors:



Alec Pismiris
 Director

Dated this 30th day of September 2016

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016
Corporate Governance Statement

This statement outlines the main corporate governance practices adopted by the Board Agrimin Limited (“Agrimin” or the “Company”), which comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Council recommendations unless otherwise stated.

The Board and management of Agrimin recognise their duties and obligations to shareholders and other stakeholders to implement and maintain a proper system of corporate governance. The Company believes that good corporate governance adds value to stakeholders and enhances investor confidence.

The ASX Listing Rules require listed companies to prepare a statement disclosing the extent to which they have complied with the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council (“Recommendations”) in the reporting period. The Recommendations are guidelines designed to improve the efficiency, quality and integrity of the Company. They are not prescriptive, so that if a company considers a recommendation to be inappropriate having regard to its own circumstances, it has the flexibility not to follow it. Where a company has not followed all the Recommendations, it must identify which Recommendations have not been followed and give reasons for not following them.

This Corporate Governance Statement (“Statement”) sets out a description of the Company’s main corporate practices and provides details of the Company’s compliance with the Recommendations, or where appropriate, indicates a departure from the Recommendations with an explanation.

This Statement is current as at 30 September 2016 and has been approved by the Board of Directors of Agrimin.

The Corporate Governance Statement is available on the Company’s website at <http://www.agrimin.com.au/category/corporate-governance/>.

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) The respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management: and (b) Those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) Undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director: and (b) Provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on where or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Yes
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) Have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity’s progress in achieving them: (b) Disclose the policy or a summary of it: and (c) Disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity’s diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: 1) The respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined “senior executive” for these purposes): or 2) If the entity is a “relevant employer” under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity’s most recent “Gender Equality Indicators”, as defined in and published under the Act.	Yes
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors: and (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) Have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016
Corporate Governance Statement

Commentary

The Corporate Governance Policies set out the functions and responsibilities of the Board of Agrimin, and are available on the Agrimin website.

The Company seeks to have a Board comprising directors with an appropriate variety of skill, experience and expertise who are competent in dealing with current and emerging issues of the business and who can effectively review and challenge the performance of management and exercise independent judgement. The Board has procedures for the selection and appointment of new directors and the re-election of incumbent directors, which are set out in the Corporate Governance Policies which are available on the Agrimin website.

Non-executive Directors have written agreement with the Company setting out the terms of their appointment as directors, the executive director has an employment contract.

The Board meets on a regular basis. The agenda for these meetings is prepared by the Company Secretary who is also a Non-Executive Director, in conjunction with the Chairman. Relevant information is circulated to directors in advance of the Board meetings. The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board on matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

The Board believes the Company is not of sufficient size to justify having a policy on achieving gender, age and ethnic diversity in the Company's Board and employees. The principal criterion for the appointment of new directors and employees is their ability to add value to the Group and its business.

The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation is as follows:

Gender	Total	Senior Management	Board
Female	-	-	-
Male	4	1	3
%Female	-	-	-

The evaluation of the performance of the Board and individual directors is undertaken annually and in accordance with the terms of their employment contract. Performance reviews were undertaken in the reporting period.

Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) Have a nomination committee which: 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, and disclose 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) If it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	No
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) The names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) If a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type describe in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) The length of service of each director.	Yes
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	No
2.5	The Chair of the board of a listed entity should be independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO/Managing Director of the entity.	Yes
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes

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Commentary

The Board believes the Company is not of sufficient size to justify having a Nomination Committee. If any vacancies arise on the Board, the Board and all directors are involved in the search and recruitment of a replacement.

The Board strives to ensure that it is comprised of directors with a blend of skills, experience and attributes appropriate to the Company and its business. The principal criterion for the appointment of new directors is their ability to add value to the Company and its business. In light of this, it has not been deemed necessary to create a formal document setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

The Board consists of Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer, Mr Mark Savich (appointed 1 December 2012), Independent Non-Executive Chairman Mr Bradley Sampson (appointed 22 April 2016) and Non-Executive director Mr Alec Pismiris (appointed 3 October 2013), The details of their skills, experience and expertise have been included in the 2016 Directors Report. The number of Board meetings and attendance of the directors are set out in the 2016 Directors Report.

Although the majority of the Board is not independent, the directors considers the current Board composition to be suitable in the present circumstances, with an appropriate range of qualifications and expertise, and directors who can understand and competently deal with current and emerging business issues as well as effectively review and challenge the performance of management. Furthermore, each individual member of the Board is satisfied that all directors bring an independent judgement to bear on board decisions.

New directors are provided with copies of all relevant documents and policies governing the Company's business, operations and management at the time of joining the Board. The Company is able to provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to assist in their roles. Directors are also encouraged to personally undertake appropriate training and refresher courses conducted by the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) Have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) Disclose that code or a summary of it.	Yes

Commentary

As part of the Board's commitment to maintaining a proper system of corporate governance, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct to guide directors and officers in carrying out their duties and responsibilities. The Code embraces the values of honesty, integrity, enterprise, excellence, accountability, justice, independence and equality of stakeholder opportunity. The Code of Conduct is available on the Agrimin website.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) Have an audit committee which: 1) Has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose; 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 5) In relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or If it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	No
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes
4.3	A listed entity should that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Yes

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Commentary

The Board believes that due to the size and composition of the Board and the size of the Company it is not appropriate to have an Audit Committee. The Board as a whole is responsible for the integrity of the Company's financial reporting, reviews and oversees the planning process for external audits, the conduct of the external audit process and the independence of all parties to the process as well as reviewing the performance of external auditors, the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

Prior to the approval of the Company's annual financial statements, the Board obtains a declaration from its Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary that, in their opinion, the financial records of the Company have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company, and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The Company's external auditor attends every Annual General Meeting as required by the Corporations Act, and member are allowed a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to ask the auditor questions relevant to the audit, their report and independence, and the accounting policies adopted by the Company.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
5.1	A listed entity should: (a) Have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) Disclose that code or a summary of it.	Yes

Commentary

The Company's Disclosure Policy is available on the Agrimin website. The Disclosure Policy sets out the key obligations of directors and employees in relation to continuous disclosure as well as the Company's obligation under the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act. The Policy also provides procedures for internal notification and external disclosure, as well as procedures for promoting understanding of compliance with disclosure requirements.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via a website.	Yes
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meeting so security holders.	Yes
6.3	A listed entity should give security holders to option to receive communications from and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes

Commentary

The Board is committed to open and accessible communications with holders of the Company's shares. In accordance with continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules, all disclosures are made in a time manner and posted on the Company's website.

Shareholders are forwarded the Company's Annual Report, if requested and documents relating to each General Meeting, being the Notice of Meeting, any Explanatory Memorandum and a Proxy Form, and shareholders are invited to attend these meetings. Shareholders may elect to receive communications electronically. The Company's external auditors are also required to be present at annual shareholder meetings to answer any queries shareholders may have with regard to the audit and preparation and content of the Audit Report.

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Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) Have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which; 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director and disclose; 3) The charter of the committee 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or If it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	No
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should; (a) Review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such review has taken place.	Yes
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) If it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	No
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes

Commentary

The Board as a whole is ultimately responsible for establishing and reviewing the Company's policies on risk profile, oversight and management and satisfying itself that management has developed and implemented a sound system of risk management and internal control in accordance with the Company's Corporate Governance Policies.

The Board believes that due to the size and composition of the Board, and the size of the Company it is not appropriate to have a Risk Committee.

The Company's risk management program is implemented under the direction of the Chief Executive Officer to ensure matters affecting goals, objectives and performance of the Company and the safety of its stakeholders are identified and assessed by an operational risk management framework in accordance with industry accepted standards.

The Company's risk management framework is reviewed annually. A review was undertaken in the reporting period.

The Board believes that the Company is not of a size to justify having an internal audit function for efficiency purposes. The Company evaluates its risk management and internal control processes in consultation with its external auditor with a view to continually improving its effectiveness.

The Board does not believe the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks at the present time.

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Corporate Governance Statement

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation	Requirement	Comply Yes/No
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Have a remuneration committee which; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, and disclose 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) If it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	No
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes

Commentary

The Board believes it is not of a size to justify having a Remuneration Committee. The Company's remuneration policy is structured for the purpose of motivating executive directors and senior management to pursue the long-term growth and success of the Company. The Board sets the level and structure of remuneration to executive directors and senior executives for the purpose of balancing the Company's competing interest of attracting and retaining executive directors and senior management and not paying excessive remuneration.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
As at 30 June 2016

	<i>Note</i>	2016	2015
		\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	18	3,153,707	1,056,682
Other financial assets	19	1,290	1,031,289
Exploration deposits	20	3,256	-
Other receivables	17	22,052	398
Prepayments		5,240	4,137
Total current assets		3,185,545	2,092,506
Exploration and evaluation assets	14	2,871,700	1,441,447
Property, plant and equipment	15	24,848	-
Total non-current assets		2,896,548	1,441,447
Total assets		6,082,093	3,533,953
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	24	124,653	39,293
Provisions	25	26,905	10,096
Total current liabilities		151,558	49,389
Total liabilities		151,558	49,389
Net assets		5,930,535	3,484,564
Equity			
Share capital	21	23,342,362	20,326,653
Reserves	21	623,093	225,331
Accumulated losses		(18,034,920)	(17,067,420)
Total equity		5,930,535	3,484,564

AGRIMIN LIMITED
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
For the year ended 30 June 2016

	<i>Note</i>	2016	2015
		\$	\$
Other income	12	7,735	41,428
Loss on sale of subsidiary		-	(64,475)
Administration expenses	10	(610,323)	(539,709)
Loss on disposal of subsidiary		-	(610,497)
Impairment of assets	8	-	(52,270)
Share based payments	9	(397,762)	(5,331)
Finance income	11	32,850	44,154
Loss before income tax		(967,500)	(1,186,700)
Income tax expense	13	-	-
Loss for the year		(967,500)	(1,186,700)
Other comprehensive income			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to the profit or loss</i>			
Reclassification of foreign currency translation differences on disposal of subsidiary		-	681,322
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(967,500)	(505,378)
Loss per share			
Basic and diluted loss per share	22	(0.99 cents)	(1.41 cents)

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	Share capital \$	Translation reserve \$	Equity remuneration reserve \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2014		17,759,977	(681,322)	220,000	(15,880,720)	1,417,935
<i>Total comprehensive income for the period</i>						
Loss for the period		-	-	-	(1,186,700)	(1,186,700)
<i>Other comprehensive income</i>						
Reclassification of foreign currency translation differences		-	681,322	-	-	681,322
Total other comprehensive loss		-	681,322	-	-	681,322
Total comprehensive loss for the period		-	681,322	-	(1,186,700)	(505,378)
Transactions with owners directly recorded in equity						
<i>Contributions by and distributions to owners</i>						
Share based payment transactions	23	-	-	5,331	-	5,331
Issue of ordinary shares	21	2,577,921	-	-	-	2,577,921
Costs from issue of ordinary shares	21	(11,245)	-	-	-	(11,245)
Total transactions with owners		2,566,676	-	5,331	-	2,572,007
Balance at 30 June 2015		20,326,653	-	225,331	(17,067,420)	3,484,564
Balance at 1 July 2015		20,326,653	-	225,331	(17,067,420)	3,484,564
<i>Total comprehensive income for the period</i>						
Loss for the period		-	-	-	(967,500)	(967,500)
Total other comprehensive loss		-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period		-	-	-	(967,500)	(967,500)
Transactions with owners directly recorded in equity						
<i>Contributions by and distributions to owners</i>						
Share based payment transactions	23	-	-	397,762	-	397,762
Issue of ordinary shares	21	3,161,744	-	-	-	3,161,744
Costs from issue of ordinary shares	21	(146,035)	-	-	-	(146,035)
Total transactions with owners		3,015,709	-	397,762	-	3,413,471
Balance at 30 June 2016		23,342,362	-	623,093	(18,034,920)	5,930,535

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the year ended 30 June 2016

	<i>Note</i>	2016	2015
		\$	\$
Operating activities			
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(611,730)	(587,103)
Interest received		29,401	44,154
Other income		7,507	-
Net cash used in operating activities	<i>18</i>	(574,822)	(542,949)
Investing activities			
Acquisition of other financial assets		-	(381,289)
Acquisition of plant and equipment	<i>15</i>	(47,880)	-
Payments for exploration deposits	<i>20</i>	(3,256)	-
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(1,486,310)	(212,692)
Refund of exploration deposits		-	140,696
Proceeds from maturing term deposits		999,999	-
Proceeds from research and development return		173,496	-
Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment		17,500	-
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary (net)		-	18,578
Net cash used in investing activities		(346,451)	(434,707)
Financing activities			
Proceeds of issue of shares		3,161,744	1,125,421
Payment of share issue transaction costs		(143,446)	(11,245)
Net cash from financing activities		3,018,298	1,114,176
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,097,025	136,520
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		1,056,682	920,162
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	<i>18</i>	3,153,707	1,056,682

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Reporting entity

Agrimin Limited (the 'Company') is a company domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office is Level 9, 190 St Georges Terrace, Perth WA 6000. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2016 comprise the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary (together referred to as the 'Group' and individually as 'Group entities'). The Group is a for-profit entity and is primarily involved in exploration activities.

2. Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ('AASBs') adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The consolidated financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRSs') adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

The consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 September 2016.

b) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant judgments, estimates and assumptions made by the management in the preparation of these financial statements are outlined below:

Recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the Group decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

Factors that could impact the future recoverability include the level of reserves and resources, future technological changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

To the extent that capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is determined not to be recoverable in the future, profits and net assets will be reduced in the period in which this determination is made.

In addition, exploration and evaluation is capitalised if activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. To the extent it is determined in the future that this capitalised expenditure should be written off, profits and net assets will be reduced in the period in which this determination is made.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements and have been applied consistently by Group entities.

a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

(ii) Loss of control

Upon loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available for sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

(iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

b) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortised cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the year.

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to Australian dollars at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Australian dollars at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the foreign currency translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests.

When the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains or losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented within equity in the foreign currency translation reserve.

AGRIMIN LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

c) Financial instruments

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

The Group initially recognises loans and receivables and deposits on the date that they are originated at fair value. All other financial assets are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group's non-derivative financial assets are comprised of loans and receivables and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Loans and receivables are comprised of trade and other receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

(ii) Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group initially recognises financial liabilities on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group's non-derivative financial liabilities are comprised of trade and other payables. Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

d) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within other income/other expenses in profit or loss.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

The estimated useful lives for the current and prior period are as follows:

- plant and equipment 5 – 10 years
- office furniture and equipment 3 – 5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

AGRIMIN LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

e) Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation costs are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis. Such costs comprise net direct costs and an appropriate portion of related overhead expenditure, but do not include general overheads or administrative expenditure not having a specific connection with a particular area of interest. Costs incurred before the Group has obtained the legal right to explore an area of interest are recognised in profit or loss.

An exploration and evaluation asset is only recognised if the right to the area of interest is current and either:

- the expenditure is expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of an area of interest, or by its sale; or
- activities in the area of interest have not, at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in or in relation to the area of interest are continuing.

Accumulated costs in respect of areas of interest are recognised in profit or loss when the above criteria do not apply or when the directors assess that the carrying value may exceed the recoverable amount.

Once a development decision has been taken, all past and future exploration and evaluation expenditure in respect of the area of interest is aggregated within costs of development. The aggregated cost is first tested for impairment and then reclassified from exploration and evaluation assets to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment. The costs of a productive area are amortised over the life of the area of interest to which such costs relate on the production output basis.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount. Such indicators of impairment include the following:

- the right to explore has expired during the period or will expire in the near future and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- exploration and evaluation in the specific area has not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or
- sufficient data exists to indicate that the carrying amount of the asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale even if development in the specific area is likely to proceed.

For the purpose of impairment testing, exploration and evaluation assets are allocated to cash-generating units consistent with exploration activity. The cash generating units are not larger than the areas of interest.

f) Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Other leases are operating leases and the leased assets are not recognised in the Group's statement of financial position.

g) Impairment

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise or indications that a debtor will enter bankruptcy.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against receivables. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised. When a subsequent event (e.g. repayment by a debtor) causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

(ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit ('CGU') exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The Group's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows and are utilised by more than one CGU. Corporate assets are allocated to CGUs on a reasonable and consistent basis and tested for impairment as part of the testing of the CGU to which the corporate asset is allocated.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU (group of CGUs), and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU (group of CGUs) on a pro-rata basis.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

g) Impairment (continued)

(ii) Non-financial assets (continued)

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

h) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

(ii) Short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(iii) Share-based payment transactions

The grant date fair value of share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market vesting conditions at the vesting date.

i) Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

j) Finance income and finance costs

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

Finance costs comprise interest expense on lease liabilities that are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method and net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

k) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity, or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, deferred tax is not recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on the recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The Company and its wholly-owned Australian resident entities are part of a tax-consolidated group. As a consequence, all members of the tax-consolidated group are taxed as a single entity. The head company within the tax-consolidated group is Agrimin Limited.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

l) Research and development

The Group undertakes expenditure on activities that are categorised as ‘eligible expenditure’ under the Research & Development Tax Concession which dependent upon certain criteria may be subject to a tax offset. Under AASB 120, where a tax offset has been received or receivable in cash, the Group accounts for the tax offset as follows:

- Where a grant is received or receivable in relation to research and development costs which have been capitalised, the tax offset shall be deducted from the carrying value of the asset.

m) Goods and services tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (‘GST’), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

n) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (‘EPS’) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for own shares held. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options and performance rights granted to employees and agents of the Group.

o) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group’s other components, and for which discrete financial information is available. All operating segments’ operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group’s managing director to make decisions about resources to be allocated to segments and to assess their performance.

Segment results that are reported to the managing director include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets and head office expenses.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets other than goodwill.

p) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

In the year ended 30 June 2016, the Directors have reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the Group’s operations and effective for the current annual reporting period.

It has been determined by the Directors that there is no material impact of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations applicable for the year ended 30 June 2016 on the Group’s business and, therefore, no change is necessary to Group accounting policies.

A number of new standards and amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2015 and earlier application permitted, however the Group has not early applied the following new or amended standards in preparing these consolidated financial statements.

New or amended standards	Summary of the requirements	Possible impact on consolidated financial statements
AASB 9 Financial Instruments	AASB 9, published in December 2014, replaces the existing guidance in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. AASB 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments from AASB 139. AASB 9 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early adoption permitted.	The group is assessing the potential impact on its consolidated financial statements resulting from the application of AASB 9.
AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	ASB 15 established a comprehensive framework for determine whether, how much, and when revenue is recognised. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 111 Construction contracts, and AASB Interpretation 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes. AASB 15 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early adoption permitted.	The Group is assessing the potential impact on its consolidated financial statements resulting from the application of AASB 15.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

New or amended standards	Summary of the requirements	Possible impact on consolidated financial statements
AASB 16 Leases	<p>AASB 16 removes the lease classification test for lessees and requires all leases (including those classified as operating leases) to be brought onto the balance sheet. There is new guidance on when an arrangement would meet the definition of a lease.</p> <p>AASB 16 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019, with early adoption permitted where AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers is adopted at the same time.</p>	<p>The Group is assessing the potential impact on consolidated financial statements resulting from the application of AASB 16.</p>

4. Going Concern

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern which assumes the Group will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations.

The Group currently has no source of operating cash inflows other than interest income and funds sourced through capital raising activities. At 30 June 2016, the Group has cash and term deposits totalling \$3,153,707 (30 June 2015: \$2,056,681) and net working capital (current assets less current liabilities) of \$3,033,987 (30 June 2015: \$2,043,117).

Directors believe that the Group has sufficient cash resources to allow it to meet minimum exploration expenditure commitments on existing tenements and undertake continuing activities designed to advance current projects of the Group and operate corporately for at least the next 12 months. For this reason, the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

In the longer term, the development of economically recoverable mineral deposits found on the Group's existing exploration properties or future exploration properties depends on the ability of the Group to obtain financing through equity financing, debt financing or other means. If the Group's exploration programs are ultimately successful, additional funds will be required to develop the Group's properties and to place them into commercial production. The only source of future funds presently available to the Group is the raising of equity capital by the Group. The ability to arrange such funding in the future will depend in part upon the prevailing capital market conditions as well as the business performance of the Group and its exploration results.

5. Determination of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

Trade and other receivables

The fair value of trade and other receivables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. Where this fair value is determined for disclosure purposes, the market rate of interest is that at reporting date. Where this fair value is determined when acquired in a business combination, the market rate of interest is at the date of acquisition.

Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of the employee share options is measured using a Black-Scholes model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the option, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the options (based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. Financial risk management

Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, its objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated financial statements.

Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board does not have a risk management committee and the Board as a whole is responsible for developing risk management policies.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

At 30 June 2016, the Group is yet to generate operating revenue. Therefore, no formal policy for the analysis of creditworthiness is currently in place.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is limited to cash and cash equivalents, term deposits and refundable deposits lodged to secure the rights to projects. The Group mitigates credit risk on cash and term deposits by dealing with regulated banks in Australia. Refundable deposits are held with the Western Australian Department of Mines and Petroleum.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. Cash flow is monitored on an ongoing basis. Management reports comparing actual cash flows to budget are circulated to the Board on a monthly basis.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Currency risk

The Group's investments in subsidiaries are not hedged.

Interest rate risk

The Group adopts a policy of optimising interest rates on its term deposits by investing in a range of terms that are conservative and ensure liquidity is available when required to meet the Group's commitments.

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the Group's exploration and evaluation activities and supporting functions.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

7. Operating segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are used by the chief operating decision makers in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources.

As a consequence of the Group's operations and tenements, the Group now only operates in one reportable segment, being Australia.

The accounting policies used by the Group in reporting segments internally are the same as those contained in note 3 to the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Impairment expenses

Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

2016	2015
\$	\$
-	52,270
-	52,270

9. Share based payments

Performance related remuneration (refer to note 22)

Total share based payments

397,762	5,331
397,762	5,331

Share based payments includes all equity based payments to directors and other key management personnel.

10. Administration expenses

Accounting fees

Audit fees

Depreciation expense

Fees, wages and salaries

Listing fees

Superannuation

Travel and accommodation expenses

Other administration expenses

Total administration expenses

26,738	14,600
35,000	32,485
5,760	-
328,972	287,579
30,556	23,467
20,181	12,990
33,658	22,394
129,458	146,194
610,323	539,709

11. Finance income and expenses

Finance income

Interest income on bank deposits

Net finance income

32,850	44,154
32,850	44,154

12. Other income

Other income

Other income

Total other income

7,735	41,428
7,735	41,428

13. Income tax expense

Numerical reconciliation between tax expense and pre-tax accounting loss

Loss for the year

Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate of 30% (2015: 30%)

Non-assessable income

Non-deductible expenses

Change in unrecognised temporary differences

Income tax expense

(967,500)	(1,186,700)
(290,250)	(356,010)
-	-
115,620	1,600
174,630	354,410
-	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. Exploration and evaluation assets

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Opening balance	1,441,447	-
Additions	1,603,749	1,493,717
Refundable research and development offset ⁽ⁱ⁾	(173,496)	-
Impairment	-	(52,270)
Balance at 30 June	2,871,700	1,441,447

(i) During the financial year, the Group received government grant of \$173,496 (2015: nil) in the form of a refundable research and development offset. No unfulfilled conditions attach to the grant.

Impairment loss

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount. Such indicators of impairment include the following:

- the right to explore has expired during the period or will expire in the near future and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- exploration and evaluation in the specific area has not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or
- sufficient data exists to indicate that the carrying amount of the asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale even if development in the specific area is likely to proceed.

The Group undertakes expenditure on activities that are categorised as 'eligible expenditure' under the Research & Development Tax Concession which dependent upon certain criteria may be subject to a tax offset. Under AASB 120, where a tax offset has been received or receivable in cash, the Group accounts for the tax offset as follows:

- Where a grant is received or receivable in relation to research and development costs which have been capitalised, the tax offset shall be deducted from the carrying value of the asset.

The Group undertakes expenditure on activities that are categorised as 'eligible expenditure' under the Research & Development Tax Concession which dependent upon certain criteria may be subject to a tax offset. Under AASB 120, where a tax offset has been received or receivable in cash, the Group accounts for the tax offset as follows:

- Where a grant is received or receivable in relation to research and development costs which have been capitalised, the tax offset shall be deducted from the carrying value of the asset.

During 2016, there was no impairment of the Group's tenements (2015: \$52,270).

The recoverability of the carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest. The Group has recognised an impairment loss where there is objective evidence that the carrying amount of its exploration and evaluation assets exceeds the recoverable amount.

The directors have performed an assessment for impairment indicators as per note 3(e) and identified no indicators for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Non-cash consideration

On 26 August 2014 the Company issued 7,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares to Rewards Minerals Limited as consideration for the acquisition of all technical data relating to the Mackay SOP Project at an issue price of \$0.155 per share.

15. Property, plant and equipment

Cost

	Plant and equipment \$	Office furniture and equipment \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2014	-	1,918	1,918
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	(1,918)	(1,918)
Balance at 30 June 2015	-	-	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Plant and equipment \$	Office furniture and equipment \$	Total \$
15. Property, plant and equipment (continued)			
Balance at 1 July 2015	-	-	-
Additions	47,880	-	47,880
Disposals	(17,272)	-	(17,272)
Depreciation	(5,760)	-	(5,760)
Balance at 30 June 2016	<u>24,848</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,848</u>

16. Tax assets and liabilities
Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Deductible temporary differences	48,046	-
Tax losses carried forward	4,388,881	4,918,958
Tax losses brought to account to reduce income tax expense	-	-
Tax losses and temporary differences brought to account to reduce the provision for deferred tax liabilities	(560,981)	(433,676)
Total unrecognised deferred tax assets	<u>3,875,946</u>	<u>4,485,282</u>

The deductible temporary differences and tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits there from.

Provision for deferred tax liability

The provision for deferred tax liability comprises the estimated expense at the applicable rate of 30% on the following items:

Exploration and evaluation assets	559,409	432,434
Prepayments and accrued income	1,572	1,241
Deferred tax asset attributable to tax losses and temporary differences brought to account to reduce the provision for deferred income tax	(560,981)	(433,676)
Total provision for deferred income tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

17. Other receivables

Net tax receivable (GST)	18,205	-
Other receivables	3,847	398
	<u>22,052</u>	<u>398</u>
Provision for impairment	-	-
Total other receivables	<u>22,052</u>	<u>398</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. Cash and cash equivalents

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Cash and bank balances	3,153,707	1,056,682
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>3,153,707</u>	<u>1,056,682</u>

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and a sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 26.

(a) Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities

Note

Cash flows from operating activities

Loss for the year	(967,500)	(1,186,700)
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation	5,760	-
Gain on disposal of exploration asset	-	-
Loss on sale of subsidiary	-	64,475
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	-	610,497
Equity-settled share-based payment transactions	397,762	5,331
Impairment of assets	-	52,270
Other	(52)	-
<i>Operating loss before changes in working capital</i>	<u>(564,030)</u>	<u>(454,127)</u>
Change in trade and other receivables	(21,654)	17,278
Change in prepayments	(1,103)	(62)
Change in trade and other payables	(4,844)	(116,134)
Change in provisions	16,809	10,096
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(574,822)</u>	<u>(542,949)</u>

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19. Other financial assets

Term deposits	-	999,999
Security deposits	1,290	31,290
Total other financial assets	<u>1,290</u>	<u>1,031,289</u>

The Group held terms deposits with maturities greater than three months, but less than one year.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and a sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in note 26.

20. Exploration deposits

Exploration deposits	3,256	-
Total exploration deposits	<u>3,256</u>	<u>-</u>

The carrying amount of exploration deposits represents annual rents paid to the Western Australian Department of Mines and Petroleum ("DMP") in advance when application for tenements was made during the year. These amounts are held in trust by the DMP pending the grant of the tenements and are refundable if for any reason the tenements do not get granted.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21. Capital and reserves

Share capital

	2016 No. of shares	2015 No. of shares
On issue at 1 July	89,810,355	68,731,418
Issued as consideration for the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets ⁽¹⁾	-	7,500,000
Issued for cash ⁽²⁾	16,803,333	10,333,336
Issued on exercise of options ⁽³⁾	12,824,887	3,245,601
Issued on exercise of performance rights ⁽⁴⁾	500,000	-
On issue at 30 June	<u>119,938,575</u>	<u>89,810,355</u>

	\$	\$
On issue at 1 July	20,326,653	17,759,977
Issued as consideration for the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets ⁽¹⁾	-	1,162,500
Issued for cash ⁽²⁾	2,520,500	1,115,000
Issued on exercise of options ⁽³⁾	641,244	300,421
Issued on exercise of performance rights ⁽⁴⁾	-	-
Transaction costs ⁽⁵⁾	(146,035)	(11,245)
On issue at 30 June	<u>23,342,362</u>	<u>20,326,653</u>

(1) Issue of ordinary shares

The Company issued 7,500,000 fully paid ordinary shares to Rewards Minerals Limited as consideration for the acquisition of all technical data relating to the Mackay SOP Project.

(2) Issued for cash

On 31 July 2014 the Company obtained shareholder approval for the participation of directors of the Company in a share placement announced on 2 June 2014. The Company completed the placement to directors through the issue of 4,833,336 fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.06 per share to raise \$290,000 (before costs).

On 21 October 2014, the Company completed the first tranche of a placement to sophisticated investors by issuing 3,150,000 fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.15 per share to raise \$472,500 (before costs).

On 11 November 2014, the Company completed the second and final tranche of a placement to sophisticated investors by issuing 2,350,000 fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.15 per share to raise \$352,500 (before costs).

On 9 June 2016 the Company completed a placement to institutional and sophisticated investors by issuing 16,803,333 fully paid ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.15 per share to raise \$2,520,500 (before costs).

(3) Issued on exercise of options

During the financial year 12,824,887 of listed options were exercised with an exercise price of \$0.05 per share (2015: 3,245,601 with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.09 per share).

(4) Issued on exercise of performance rights

During the financial year 500,000 shares were issued for nil consideration on the exercise of Performance Rights by the General Manager – Exploration & Development on achievement of a vesting condition related to the delineation of Inferred Mineral Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m³ of brine on the Company's Mackay Project (2015: nil).

(5) Transaction costs

Transaction costs represent the costs of issuing the shares.

Ordinary shares

The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regards to the Company's residual assets.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21. Capital and reserves (continued)

Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

Equity remuneration reserve

The equity remuneration reserve represents the fair value of the options and performance rights granted as remuneration to employees and agents as determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and taking into account the terms and conditions on which the options were granted.

During the year, 750,000 performance rights were forfeited following the resignation of a director (2015: nil).

On 22 April 2016 the Company announced that subject to shareholder approval, 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at \$0.15 per share expiring 30 April 2018 would be issued to Mr Sampson in accordance with the terms of his appointment as a Non-Executive Director and chairman. At Balance Date an amount of \$208,093 relating to the issue of these options was recognised as a share based payment expense.

As at 30 June 2015 the Company had 12,951,459 fully vested options outstanding with an exercise price of \$0.05. During the year 12,824,667 of these options were exercised and converted to shares (note 21). The remaining options expired unexercised.

22. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share at 30 June 2016 was based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of \$967,500 (2015: \$1,186,700) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares of 97,939,318 (2015: 84,200,170).

Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders

Loss for the year

	2016 \$	2015 \$
	967,500	1,186,700

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

Issued ordinary shares at 1 July

Effect of shares issued during the period

Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June

<i>Note</i>	2016 No. of shares	2015 No. of shares
21	89,810,355	68,731,418
	8,128,963	15,468,752
	97,939,318	84,200,170

Diluted earnings per share

There were no listed options (2015: 12,951,459) outstanding at balance date. These options were excluded from the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares calculation as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

There were 2,750,000 performance rights (2015: 4,000,000) outstanding at balance date. These options were excluded from the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares calculation as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

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23. Equity-based compensation

Description of the equity-based compensation arrangements

Performance Rights Plan

At a General Meeting held on 31 July 2014, shareholders approved the establishment of the Performance Rights Plan 2014 ("Plan"). The purpose of the Plan was to incentivise and retain existing key management personnel and other eligible employees needed to achieve the Company's business objectives. The issuance of Performance Rights under the Plan is at the discretion of the Board. Upon the prescribed performance conditions attached to the Performance Rights being met, will result in the issue of one ordinary Share in the Company for each Performance Right.

At a General Meeting held on 31 July 2014, shareholders also approved the issue of 4,000,000 performance rights to directors and an executive of the Company.

During the financial year the Company received shareholder approval to amend the Performance Condition linked to the Sandy Desert Project following the Company's decision to relinquish the Great Sandy Desert Project tenements in order to concentrate on the more advanced Mackay SOP Project preserve funds. The Performance Condition was changed so that it was linked to the Mackay SOP Project and therefore correctly aligned with the objectives of the Company.

No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions have been altered or modified by the issuing entity in the prior period.

As at Balance Date, there were 2,750,000 performance rights on issue of which none had vested. These performance rights subsequently vested on 30 August 2016, refer to note 31.

The fair value attributed to each performance right at the grant date was \$0.06 each for the Mackay SOP Project.

Other equity-based compensation

On 22 April 2016 the Company agreed to issue 1,000,000 options exercisable at \$0.15 per share to Mr Sampson in accordance with the terms of his appointment as Non-Executive Director and Chairman. The options were subject to shareholder approval which was subsequently obtained on 26 July 2016 and the options were issued on 1 August 2016. The options expire on 30 April 2018 and do not have any performance conditions. The fair value of the equity settled share options is estimated as at the Balance Date using the Black and Scholes model taking into account the following inputs:

	2016
Fair value at balance date	\$0.286
Share price at balance date	\$0.41
Exercise price	\$0.15
Expected volatility	80.00%
Expired life of option	1.75 years
Risk-free interest rate	1.75%
Dividend yield	-

As the issue of options had not been approved at 30 June 2016, the valuation has been estimated at Balance Date. On 26 July 2016 the options were approved and the valuation increased to \$0.351 due to an increase in the share price to \$0.48. As this is a change in the estimate, the increased value will be expensed prospectively in the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

Expected volatility has been based on an evaluation of the historical volatility of the Company's share price, particularly over the historical period commensurate with the expected life. The expected life of the instrument has been based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour.

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Employee expenses		
Issue of options	208,093	-
Performance rights	189,669	5,331
	397,762	5,331

24. Trade and other payables

Trade payables	92,224	8,559
Other payables and accrued expenses	32,429	30,734
Total current trade and other payables	124,653	39,293

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in note 26.

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25. Provisions

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Provision for annual leave	26,905	10,096
Total current provisions	<u>26,905</u>	<u>10,096</u>

26. Financial instruments

Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Cash and cash equivalents	3,153,707	1,056,682
Other financial assets and deposits	4,546	1,031,289
Other receivables ⁽ⁱ⁾	3,847	398
	<u>3,162,100</u>	<u>2,088,369</u>

(i) Excludes net GST receivable.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for other receivables at the reporting date was:

Australia	3,847	398
Total other receivables	<u>3,847</u>	<u>398</u>

Impairment losses

The ageing of other receivables at the reporting date was as follows:

	Gross 2016	Impairment 2016	Gross 2015	Impairment 2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Neither past due nor impaired	3,847	-	398	-
Past due	-	-	-	-
Total other receivables	<u>3,847</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>398</u>	<u>-</u>

Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments.

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-5 years
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2016						
Trade and other payables	(124,653)	(124,653)	(124,653)	-	-	-
	<u>(124,653)</u>	<u>(124,653)</u>	<u>(124,653)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
30 June 2015						
Trade and other payables	(39,293)	(39,293)	(39,293)	-	-	-
	<u>(39,293)</u>	<u>(39,293)</u>	<u>(39,293)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

26. Financial instruments (continued)

Interest rate risk

Profile

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying amount	
	2016 \$	2015 \$
Fixed rate instruments		
Term deposits	-	999,999
Variable rate instruments		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,153,707	1,056,682

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates throughout the year would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

	Profit or loss \$		Equity \$	
	100bp increase	100bp decrease	100bp increase	100bp decrease
30 June 2016				
Variable rate instruments	31,357	(31,357)	31,357	(31,357)
30 June 2015				
Variable rate instruments	10,566	(10,566)	10,566	(10,566)

Fair values

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts.

27. Contingencies

The Company has no contingent assets or liabilities.

28. Capital and other commitments

Mining tenements

As a condition of retaining the right to explore its Australian tenements, the Group is required to pay an annual rental charge and incur a minimum level of expenditure for each tenement. As at 30 June 2016, the Group had five exploration licences granted on its tenements located in Western Australia, two exploration licences located in Western Australia which had not been granted and one exploration licence located in the Northern Territory which had not been granted. The Group has no expenditure commitments on the exploration licences which have not been granted.

Expenditure commitments are as follows:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Less than one year	848,542	846,507
Between one and five years	5,066,872	4,204,835
	5,915,415	5,051,342

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29. Related parties

Key management personnel remuneration

The key management personnel remuneration is as follows:

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Short-term benefits:		
- Fees, salaries and wages and non-monetary benefits	416,963	295,936
- Consulting fees	36,000	36,000
- Post-employment - superannuation	31,461	16,610
- Share based payment	397,762	5,331
Total key management personnel remuneration	882,186	353,877

Individual director and executive compensation disclosures

Information regarding individual directors and executives' compensation and some equity instruments disclosures as required by Corporations Regulation 2M.3.03 is provided in the remuneration report section of the directors' report.

Apart from the details disclosed in this note, no director has entered into a material contract with the Company or the Group since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

Key management personnel and director transactions

A number of key management persons, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities.

A number of these entities transacted with the Group in the financial year. The terms and conditions of transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence were as follows:

	Transaction	Note	Transaction value year ended 30 June	
			2016	2015
			\$	\$
Other related parties				
Lexcon Services Pty Ltd	Consulting services	(i)	36,000	36,000
Lexcon Services Pty Ltd	Director's fees	(ii)	34,000	28,000

Balance receivable / (payable) as at 30 June

Other related parties				
Lexcon Services Pty Ltd	Secretarial fees	(i)	-	-
Lexcon Services Pty Ltd	Director's fees	(ii)	-	-

- (i) Lexcon Services Pty Ltd, an entity controlled by Mr Pismiris, provided the Group with consulting and secretarial services during the year.
(ii) Lexcon Services Pty Ltd, an entity controlled by Mr Pismiris, received director fees during the financial year.

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30. Group entities

	Country of incorporation	Ownership interest	
		2016 %	2015 %
Parent entity			
Agrimin Limited			
Significant subsidiaries			
Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Australia	100	-
GRC Mexico Pty Ltd ⁽²⁾	Australia	-	100
Minas GRC S.A. de C.V. ⁽³⁾	Mexico	-	100

(1) Agrimin Potash Pty Ltd was incorporated on 30 October 2015.

(2) GRC Mexico Pty Ltd was deregistered on 23 December 2015.

(3) During the period the Company completed the process to liquidate Minas GRC S.A de C.V. In the prior period Agrimin recorded a loss on disposal of \$610,497. This amount included \$616,847 relating to the reclassification of the foreign currency translation reserve.

31. Subsequent events

At a general meeting held on 26 July 2016 the Company obtained shareholder approval for the following matters:

- ratification for the issue of 15,470,286 shares pursuant to a share placement completed on 9 June 2016 under the Company's Listing Rule 7.1 new issues capacity;
- ratification for the issue of 1,333,047 shares pursuant to a share placement completed on 9 June 2016 under the Company's Listing Rule 7.1A new issues capacity;
- the participation of directors of the Company in the share placement announced on 2 June 2016; and
- the grant of 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at \$0.15 and expiring 30 April 2018 to Mr Sampson.

Subsequent to shareholder approval (above) the Company issued 1,200,000 fully paid ordinary shares to directors of the Company at an issue price of \$0.15 per share to raise \$180,000 (before costs).

On 16 August 2016 the Company announced the commencement of an infill core drilling program at the Mackay SOP Project and other field work designed to provide key datasets for project permitting and development studies.

On 23 August 2016 the Company announced the Scoping Study compiled by Lycopodium Minerals Pty Ltd for the Mackay SOP Project had delivered positive outcomes and the Board of Agrimin had approved progression to a Pre-Feasibility Study.

On 30 August 2016 following the release of the Scoping Study, 2,750,000 shares were issued on the exercise of Performance Rights by directors and an employee on achievement of a vesting condition related to the Company completing a Scoping Study and delineation of in-situ Inferred Mineral Resources, determined in accordance with the provisions of the JORC Code, containing at least 50,000,000 tonnes of potash at an average potassium grade of not less than 2.50kg/m3 of brine on the Company's Mackay SOP Project.

32. Auditor's remuneration

KPMG Australia

Audit and review of financial reports

Taxation services

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Audit and review of financial reports	35,000	32,485
Taxation services	8,250	7,150
	43,250	39,635

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33. Parent entity disclosures

As at and throughout, the financial year ending 30 June 2016, the parent entity of the Group was Agrimin Limited.

Results of the parent entity

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Loss for the year	(967,500)	(411,427)
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>(967,500)</u>	<u>(411,427)</u>

Financial position of the parent entity at year end

Current assets	3,182,038	2,091,853
Total assets	6,082,093	3,533,300
Current liabilities	151,558	48,736
Total liabilities	151,558	48,736
Total equity of the parent entity comprising of:		
Share capital	23,342,362	20,326,653
Reserves	623,093	225,331
Accumulated losses	(18,034,920)	(17,067,420)
Total equity	<u>5,930,535</u>	<u>3,484,564</u>

The parent entity does not have any capital or exploration expenditure commitments.

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Directors' Declaration

1. In the opinion of the directors of Agrimin Limited (the 'Company'):
 - (a) the consolidated financial statements and notes that are set out on pages 29 to 52 and the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report on pages 13 to 21, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
 - (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
2. The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* from the undersigned, as director and company secretary for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.
3. The directors draw attention to note 2(a) to the consolidated financial statements which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:



Alec Pismiris
Director

Dated this 30th day of September 2016



Independent auditor's report to the members of Agrimin Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Agrimin Limited (the company), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes 1 to 33 comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration of the Group comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error. In note 2(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Group's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a)

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 13 to 21 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Agrimin Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016, complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

KPMG

KPMG

Matthew Beevers
Partner

Perth

30 September 2016

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ASX Additional Information

Additional information required by the Australian Stock Exchange Ltd Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current as at 1 September 2016.

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

Name of Holder	No. of Ordinary Shares Held	Percentage of Issued Capital
Walloon Securities Pty Ltd	8,754,659	7.07%
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited-Gsco Eca	8,650,000	6.98%
UBS Nominees Pty Ltd	7,350,000	5.93%
Hillboi Nominees Pty Ltd	6,285,000	5.07%
Gugalanna Holdings Pty Ltd <Gugalanna Investment A/C>	6,172,992	4.98%
Perth Investment Corporation Ltd	5,032,140	4.06%
Spar Nominees Pty Ltd	4,524,331	3.65%
Zero Nominees Pty Ltd	4,165,390	3.36%
Goldfire Enterprises Pty Ltd	3,356,666	2.71%
Mr Timothy Guy Lyons	3,152,501	2.54%
ACP Investments Pty Ltd	2,750,000	2.22%
Occasio Holdings Pty Ltd <Occasio Unit A/C>	2,400,000	1.94%
Eugob Nominees Pty Ltd	2,365,904	1.91%
Mr Timothy Guy Lyons & Mrs Heather Mary Lyons <Gnowellen Super Fund A/C>	2,132,999	1.72%
Mrs Heather Lyons	2,099,000	1.69%
Gugalanna Pty Ltd <Gugalanna Capital S/F A/C>	1,817,447	1.47%
Equity Trustees Limited <Lowell Resources Fund A/C>	1,750,000	1.41%
Lucid Investments Group Pty Ltd <Lucid Investments Group A/C>	1,602,159	1.29%
Deering Nominees Pty Ltd	1,516,694	1.22%
Mark Savich	1,500,000	1.21%
Total	77,377,882	62.46%

Shares on Issue at 1 September 2016: 123,888,575

DISTRIBUTION OF MEMBER HOLDINGS

At 1 September 2016

Size of Holding	Listed Ordinary Shares	
	No. of Holders	No. of Shares
1 – 1,000	32	7,173
1,001 – 5,000	45	174,417
5,001 – 10,000	43	336,221
10,001 – 100,000	132	5,875,788
100,000 and over	111	117,494,976
Total Holders	363	123,888,575

There are 32 shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel of shares.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The names of substantial shareholders who have notified the Company in accordance with section 671B of the Corporations Act 2001 are:

Name of Holder	No. of Ordinary Shares Held	Percentage of Issued Capital
Hillboi Nominees Pty Ltd & Associates	18,693,079	15.09%
Gugalanna Holdings Pty Ltd & Associates	9,490,439	7.66%
Walloon Securities Pty Ltd	8,754,659	7.07%
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited-Gsco Eca	8,650,000	6.98%
UBS Nominees Pty Ltd	7,350,000	5.93%

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VOTING RIGHTS

All shares carry one vote per share without restriction.

UNLISTED OPTIONS ON ISSUE

The Company has 1,000,000 unlisted options on issue, exercisable at \$0.15 and expiring on 30 April 2018.